

## 2',10'-Dibromospiro[cylohexane-1,6-di-benzo[d,f][1,3]dioxepine]

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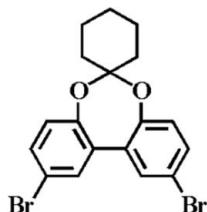
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 290\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005\text{ \AA}$ ;  
 $R$  factor = 0.045;  $wR$  factor = 0.111; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.8.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{16}\text{Br}_2\text{O}_2$ , the dihedral angle between the aromatic rings is  $35.55(17)^\circ$  and the cyclohexyl ring adopts a chair-like conformation. In the crystal, molecules are linked by van der Waals forces.

### Related literature

For background literature concerning title compound, see Dean (1963); Yang *et al.* (2004). For details of the synthesis, see Zhang *et al.* (2003).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{16}\text{Br}_2\text{O}_2$	$V = 3299(2)\text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 424.13$	$Z = 8$
Orthorhombic, $Pbca$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 17.793(4)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 4.92\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 10.143(5)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 290\text{ K}$
$c = 18.279(5)\text{ \AA}$	$0.13 \times 0.12 \times 0.11\text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID diffractometer	29533 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>ABSCOR</i> ; Higashi, 1995)	3735 independent reflections
$R_{\min} = 0.567$ , $T_{\max} = 0.614$	2294 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.088$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$	199 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.111$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.00$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.35\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
3735 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.64\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Data collection: *RAPID-AUTO* (Rigaku, 1998); cell refinement: *RAPID-AUTO*; data reduction: *CrystalStructure* (Rigaku/MSC, 2002); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG2752).

### References

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## **supplementary materials**

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## 2',10'-Dibromospiro[cylohexane-1,6-dibenzo[d,f][1,3]dioxepine]

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### Comment

Dibenzo[d,f] [1,3] dioxepine derivatives are important seven-member-ring type bridged biphenyl compounds, which proved highly significant for pharmaceutical field (Dean, 1963). Introducing functional group Br on benzene ring of dibenzo[d,f][1,3] dioxepine derivatives can expand the field of their application, such as photoluminescence, electro-luminescence devices and nonlinear optics etc (Yang *et al.*, 2004). Herein we present the crystal structure of the title compound.

The molecule structure of title compound, (I), C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>16</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, as shown in Fig. 1, all bond lengths and angles are in normal range. In the crystal structure, the six-membered ring formed by C13 to C18 is in the chair-like conformation. The plane of two benzene rings form a dihedral angle of 35.33 (17) °. The crystal packing is stabilized by van der Waals' force.

### Experimental

The title compound was prepared according to the literature (Zhang *et al.*, 2003). Single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were prepared by slow evaporation of an ethanol solution.

### Refinement

Carbon-bound H-atoms were geometrically positioned with C—H = 0.93 and 0.97 Å with U<sub>iso</sub>(H) = 1.2U<sub>eq</sub>(C).

### Figures

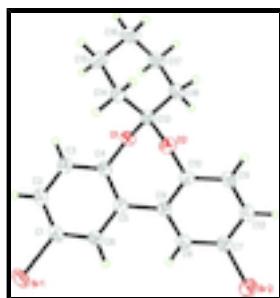


Fig. 1. The asymmetric of title compound, with the atom numbering. Displacement ellipsoids of non-H atoms are drawn at the 30% probability level.

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### Crystal data

C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>16</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>

F(000) = 1680

M<sub>r</sub> = 424.13

D<sub>x</sub> = 1.708 Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Orthorhombic, Pbc<sub>a</sub>

Mo K $\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda$  = 0.71073 Å

Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab

Cell parameters from 3788 reflections

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$a = 17.793 (4)$ Å	$\theta = 2.2\text{--}54.8^\circ$
$b = 10.143 (5)$ Å	$\mu = 4.92 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 18.279 (5)$ Å	$T = 290$ K
$V = 3299 (2)$ Å <sup>3</sup>	Block, white
$Z = 8$	$0.13 \times 0.12 \times 0.11$ mm

## Data collection

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID diffractometer	3735 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite	2294 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
$\omega$ scans	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.088$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.1^\circ$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.567, T_{\text{max}} = 0.614$	$h = -18\text{--}23$
29533 measured reflections	$k = -12\text{--}12$
	$l = -23\text{--}23$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.111$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.00$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.049P)^2 + 1.6141P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
3735 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.016$
199 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.35 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.64 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

## Special details

**Experimental.** (See detailed section in the paper)

**Geometry.** All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

## Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)

$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^* / U_{\text{eq}}$
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Br1	1.04490 (3)	0.06701 (5)	0.35791 (2)	0.07070 (18)
Br2	0.85968 (3)	0.22102 (6)	0.73751 (2)	0.0790 (2)
C1	1.0023 (2)	0.2318 (4)	0.38479 (19)	0.0504 (10)
C2	1.0211 (2)	0.3410 (4)	0.3440 (2)	0.0509 (10)
H2	1.0543	0.3341	0.3049	0.061*
C3	0.9896 (2)	0.4612 (4)	0.36234 (18)	0.0468 (9)
H3	1.0008	0.5357	0.3348	0.056*
C4	0.94151 (19)	0.4708 (4)	0.42156 (18)	0.0384 (8)
C5	0.92258 (19)	0.3603 (4)	0.46297 (17)	0.0393 (8)
C6	0.9533 (2)	0.2386 (4)	0.44328 (18)	0.0447 (9)
H6	0.9409	0.1629	0.4693	0.054*
C7	0.8410 (2)	0.3224 (4)	0.65214 (18)	0.0487 (9)
C8	0.8863 (2)	0.3024 (4)	0.59131 (18)	0.0436 (9)
H8	0.9245	0.2400	0.5928	0.052*
C9	0.87442 (18)	0.3757 (4)	0.52831 (17)	0.0375 (8)
C10	0.81592 (19)	0.4670 (4)	0.52830 (17)	0.0399 (8)
C11	0.7721 (2)	0.4878 (4)	0.5897 (2)	0.0485 (9)
H11	0.7339	0.5504	0.5887	0.058*
C12	0.7850 (2)	0.4158 (4)	0.65240 (19)	0.0532 (10)
H12	0.7564	0.4302	0.6942	0.064*
C13	0.84221 (18)	0.6288 (4)	0.43511 (18)	0.0402 (8)
C14	0.8204 (2)	0.6406 (4)	0.35503 (17)	0.0488 (9)
H14A	0.7663	0.6509	0.3512	0.059*
H14B	0.8343	0.5603	0.3295	0.059*
C15	0.8591 (2)	0.7583 (5)	0.3188 (2)	0.0610 (12)
H15A	0.9128	0.7420	0.3163	0.073*
H15B	0.8406	0.7681	0.2692	0.073*
C16	0.8450 (3)	0.8833 (5)	0.3606 (2)	0.0709 (13)
H16A	0.7919	0.9043	0.3588	0.085*
H16B	0.8723	0.9551	0.3377	0.085*
C17	0.8696 (3)	0.8706 (4)	0.4399 (2)	0.0634 (11)
H17A	0.9236	0.8582	0.4420	0.076*
H17B	0.8575	0.9511	0.4660	0.076*
C18	0.8310 (2)	0.7552 (4)	0.4764 (2)	0.0507 (10)
H18A	0.8506	0.7451	0.5256	0.061*
H18B	0.7776	0.7735	0.4802	0.061*
O1	0.91933 (12)	0.5946 (2)	0.44369 (12)	0.0406 (6)
O2	0.79528 (13)	0.5265 (3)	0.46336 (12)	0.0439 (6)

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Br1	0.0773 (3)	0.0523 (3)	0.0825 (3)	0.0132 (2)	0.0174 (2)	-0.0179 (2)
Br2	0.1021 (4)	0.0865 (4)	0.0482 (3)	0.0256 (3)	0.0059 (2)	0.0173 (2)
C1	0.050 (2)	0.049 (3)	0.052 (2)	0.0083 (19)	-0.0017 (17)	-0.0152 (18)
C2	0.050 (2)	0.053 (3)	0.049 (2)	0.0007 (19)	0.0078 (17)	-0.0141 (19)
C3	0.042 (2)	0.049 (3)	0.049 (2)	-0.0094 (18)	0.0049 (16)	-0.0013 (17)
C4	0.0355 (19)	0.036 (2)	0.0436 (18)	-0.0013 (15)	-0.0019 (14)	-0.0083 (15)

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C5	0.0358 (19)	0.041 (2)	0.0407 (17)	-0.0019 (16)	-0.0029 (14)	-0.0054 (15)
C6	0.047 (2)	0.037 (2)	0.051 (2)	0.0000 (18)	0.0004 (16)	-0.0026 (16)
C7	0.055 (2)	0.050 (3)	0.0416 (19)	-0.0012 (19)	0.0015 (16)	0.0006 (17)
C8	0.045 (2)	0.040 (2)	0.0448 (19)	0.0040 (17)	-0.0025 (15)	-0.0028 (16)
C9	0.0367 (19)	0.035 (2)	0.0406 (18)	-0.0023 (16)	0.0005 (14)	-0.0033 (15)
C10	0.039 (2)	0.040 (2)	0.0413 (18)	-0.0010 (16)	-0.0017 (14)	0.0008 (15)
C11	0.039 (2)	0.050 (3)	0.057 (2)	0.0081 (18)	0.0087 (16)	0.0004 (18)
C12	0.055 (2)	0.059 (3)	0.046 (2)	0.007 (2)	0.0129 (17)	-0.0014 (18)
C13	0.033 (2)	0.037 (2)	0.0505 (19)	0.0008 (16)	0.0029 (14)	0.0023 (16)
C14	0.047 (2)	0.054 (3)	0.046 (2)	0.0001 (19)	0.0004 (16)	0.0043 (17)
C15	0.052 (2)	0.072 (4)	0.058 (2)	0.004 (2)	0.0043 (18)	0.018 (2)
C16	0.062 (3)	0.057 (3)	0.094 (3)	0.003 (2)	0.009 (2)	0.025 (3)
C17	0.065 (3)	0.039 (3)	0.086 (3)	0.001 (2)	0.007 (2)	-0.003 (2)
C18	0.050 (2)	0.044 (3)	0.058 (2)	0.0050 (19)	0.0041 (17)	-0.0028 (18)
O1	0.0348 (13)	0.0354 (16)	0.0516 (13)	-0.0005 (11)	-0.0001 (10)	-0.0037 (11)
O2	0.0379 (14)	0.0448 (17)	0.0489 (13)	-0.0042 (11)	-0.0044 (11)	0.0071 (11)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

Br1—C1	1.900 (4)	C11—H11	0.9300
Br2—C7	1.898 (4)	C12—H12	0.9300
C1—C2	1.377 (6)	C13—O1	1.424 (4)
C1—C6	1.381 (5)	C13—O2	1.428 (4)
C2—C3	1.382 (6)	C13—C18	1.501 (5)
C2—H2	0.9300	C13—C14	1.519 (5)
C3—C4	1.384 (5)	C14—C15	1.530 (5)
C3—H3	0.9300	C14—H14A	0.9700
C4—O1	1.376 (4)	C14—H14B	0.9700
C4—C5	1.394 (5)	C15—C16	1.502 (6)
C5—C6	1.398 (5)	C15—H15A	0.9700
C5—C9	1.478 (5)	C15—H15B	0.9700
C6—H6	0.9300	C16—C17	1.521 (6)
C7—C12	1.374 (5)	C16—H16A	0.9700
C7—C8	1.388 (5)	C16—H16B	0.9700
C8—C9	1.387 (5)	C17—C18	1.512 (6)
C8—H8	0.9300	C17—H17A	0.9700
C9—C10	1.394 (5)	C17—H17B	0.9700
C10—O2	1.381 (4)	C18—H18A	0.9700
C10—C11	1.383 (5)	C18—H18B	0.9700
C11—C12	1.379 (5)		
C2—C1—C6	122.2 (4)	O1—C13—C18	106.3 (3)
C2—C1—Br1	118.1 (3)	O2—C13—C18	111.1 (3)
C6—C1—Br1	119.7 (3)	O1—C13—C14	111.8 (3)
C1—C2—C3	118.7 (3)	O2—C13—C14	104.8 (3)
C1—C2—H2	120.7	C18—C13—C14	112.6 (3)
C3—C2—H2	120.7	C13—C14—C15	111.3 (3)
C4—C3—C2	120.2 (4)	C13—C14—H14A	109.4
C4—C3—H3	119.9	C15—C14—H14A	109.4
C2—C3—H3	119.9	C13—C14—H14B	109.4

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O1—C4—C3	118.2 (3)	C15—C14—H14B	109.4
O1—C4—C5	120.3 (3)	H14A—C14—H14B	108.0
C3—C4—C5	121.2 (3)	C16—C15—C14	111.3 (3)
C4—C5—C6	118.4 (3)	C16—C15—H15A	109.4
C4—C5—C9	119.6 (3)	C14—C15—H15A	109.4
C6—C5—C9	121.9 (3)	C16—C15—H15B	109.4
C1—C6—C5	119.4 (4)	C14—C15—H15B	109.4
C1—C6—H6	120.3	H15A—C15—H15B	108.0
C5—C6—H6	120.3	C15—C16—C17	111.4 (4)
C12—C7—C8	121.6 (3)	C15—C16—H16A	109.3
C12—C7—Br2	119.8 (3)	C17—C16—H16A	109.3
C8—C7—Br2	118.5 (3)	C15—C16—H16B	109.3
C9—C8—C7	119.9 (3)	C17—C16—H16B	109.3
C9—C8—H8	120.0	H16A—C16—H16B	108.0
C7—C8—H8	120.0	C18—C17—C16	110.8 (4)
C8—C9—C10	118.0 (3)	C18—C17—H17A	109.5
C8—C9—C5	121.8 (3)	C16—C17—H17A	109.5
C10—C9—C5	120.2 (3)	C18—C17—H17B	109.5
O2—C10—C11	118.7 (3)	C16—C17—H17B	109.5
O2—C10—C9	119.3 (3)	H17A—C17—H17B	108.1
C11—C10—C9	121.5 (3)	C13—C18—C17	112.2 (3)
C12—C11—C10	120.0 (3)	C13—C18—H18A	109.2
C12—C11—H11	120.0	C17—C18—H18A	109.2
C10—C11—H11	120.0	C13—C18—H18B	109.2
C7—C12—C11	118.9 (3)	C17—C18—H18B	109.2
C7—C12—H12	120.5	H18A—C18—H18B	107.9
C11—C12—H12	120.5	C4—O1—C13	117.8 (3)
O1—C13—O2	110.3 (3)	C10—O2—C13	118.2 (3)

## supplementary materials

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Fig. 1

